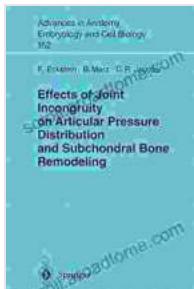


Effects Of Joint Incongruity On Articular Pressure Distribution And Subchondral Bone Remodeling

Joint incongruity is a condition in which the articular surfaces of two bones do not match up perfectly. This can be caused by a variety of factors, including trauma, developmental abnormalities, and degenerative diseases such as osteoarthritis. Joint incongruity can lead to a number of problems, including pain, stiffness, and decreased range of motion. It can also increase the risk of developing osteoarthritis.



Effects of Joint Incongruity on Articular Pressure Distribution and Subchondral Bone Remodeling (Advances in Anatomy, Embryology and Cell Biology)

Book 152) by F. Eckstein

 5 out of 5

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Print length : 205 pages

Screen Reader : Supported

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Articular Pressure Distribution

The distribution of pressure across the articular surfaces of a joint is a critical factor in the health of the joint. In a normal joint, the pressure is distributed evenly across the entire surface. This helps to protect the

cartilage that lines the joint from damage. However, in a joint with incongruity, the pressure is often concentrated in certain areas. This can lead to cartilage damage and the development of osteoarthritis.

Subchondral Bone Remodeling

The subchondral bone is the bone that lies beneath the cartilage in a joint. It is responsible for providing support and nutrients to the cartilage. In a healthy joint, the subchondral bone is constantly being remodeled to maintain its strength and integrity. However, in a joint with incongruity, the subchondral bone can become damaged. This can lead to a loss of support for the cartilage and the development of osteoarthritis.

Clinical Implications

The effects of joint incongruity on articular pressure distribution and subchondral bone remodeling can have a significant impact on the clinical presentation of patients. Patients with joint incongruity may experience pain, stiffness, and decreased range of motion. They may also be at an increased risk of developing osteoarthritis.

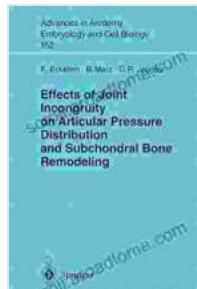
Management

The management of patients with joint incongruity depends on the severity of the condition. In some cases, conservative treatment measures such as physical therapy and pain medication may be sufficient. In other cases, surgical intervention may be necessary to correct the incongruity and restore normal joint function.

Joint incongruity is a serious condition that can lead to a number of problems, including pain, stiffness, decreased range of motion, and osteoarthritis. The effects of joint incongruity on articular pressure

distribution and subchondral bone remodeling are well-documented. These effects can have a significant impact on the clinical presentation of patients and can lead to a number of complications.

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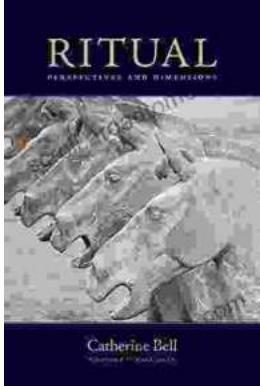
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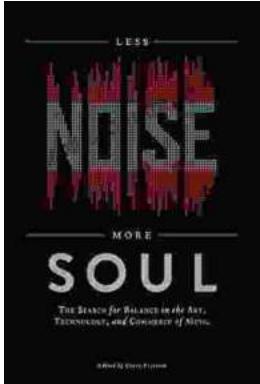
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